

Land cover changes and their impact on fragmentation of natural landscape in national parks and their surroundings in Slovakia

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### The aim

VEGA project Ecosystem services assessment and its implementation into strategic planning and future development of national parks and their surroundings



beztvaré predmestia?

Ako je Tatranský národný park zaťažený nekontrolovanou predmestskou zástavbou.

Príbližne jedna tretina ochranyého pásma Tatranského národného parku je už v echválených územných plánoch určená pre novů. výstavbu apartmánov, domov a rekreačných zariadení a jeho wkologický účel tak prestáva plniť svoju úlohu. Inými slovami, zhruba jedna tretina ekosystémových funkcií a služieb v tejto zóne môže byť zničená. Prepojenie jednotlivých biotopov a migračných koridorov dívo Zijúcich zvierať bude pserušené, zvyšujúc tak extrémne možnosť



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- identify the main land cover changes
- impact on pattern of land cover classes

# Study area

Little Fatra





Big Fatra



Tatra





Pieniny







Poloniny





Slovak Paradise



Muran Plateau

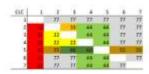
Slovak Karst

Photos: https://sk.wikipedia.org/

### Data and methods

#### Land cover change analysis

- Global Land Cover and Land Use Change dataset for 2000 and 2020
- mapping the transition between LC classes



- 11 settlement increase
- 22 agricultural intensification
- 33 extensification
- 44 afforestation
- 55 deforestation
- 66 forest disturbance

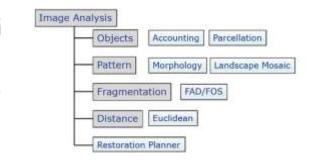
#### Landscape structure/ pattern analysis

GuidosToolbox (Graphical User Interface for the Description of image Objects and their Shapes - GTB)

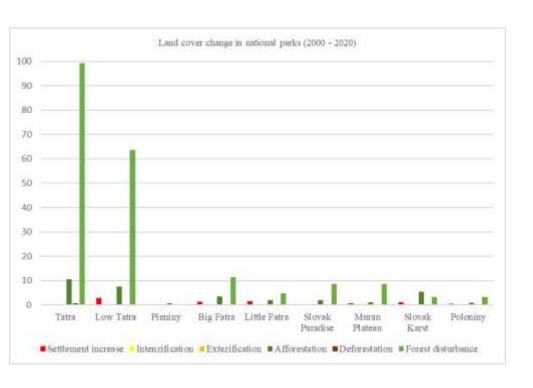
- collection of geometric analysis tools of raster image
- Landscape metrics
- the number of patches, mean patch size
- Morphological Spatial Pattern Analysis
- identification of pattern features as core area, edges and connectors
- Fragmentation
- degree of fragmentation based on foreground area density (FAD)



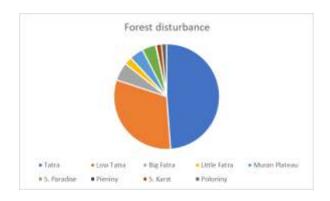


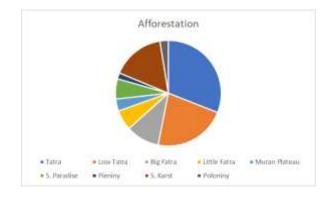


# Land cover changes in national parks

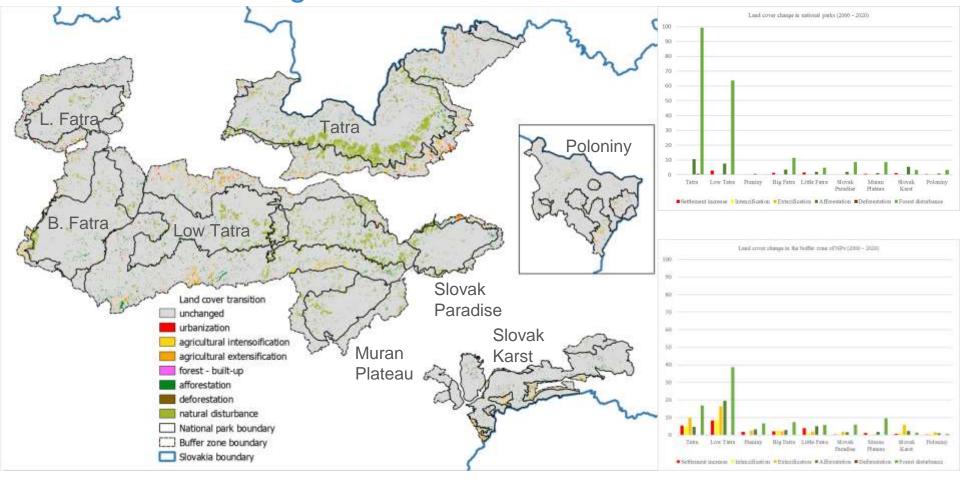


- the forest disturbance was most widespread land cover change
- although the extent varied highly through the national parks





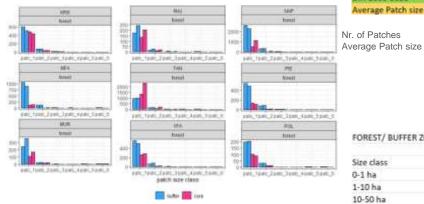
# Land cover changes 2000 - 2020



### Landscape pattern analysis

#### Forest cover

 Landscape metrics (Number of patches, mean patch size)



	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020
Size class	Tat	tra	LTa	atra	L. Fa	tra	B, Fa	atra	M. Pia	ateau	5. Par	adise	S. K.	arst	Polo	niny	Pier	iny
0-1 ha	1348	2293	517	1105	127	138	252	277	110	166	134	206	483	434	102	90	135	11
1-10 ha	66	204	20	75	2	7	10	21	11	18	11	19	41	42	12	13	9	1
10-50 ha	2	19	1	7	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	1.4	8	7	0	0	3	
50-100 ha	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	- 1	2	2	0	0	0	)
100-500 ha	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		1.	1	0	0	1	
500 ha +	1	7	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	- 4	4	4	1	1	2	
SUM	1417	2529	540	1190	130	148	264	301	122	185	147	231	539	490	115	104	150	12
Diff 2000-2020		1112		650		18		37		63		84		-49		-11		-2
Average Patch size	1055	492	3376	1401	4153	3577	3708	3172	4039	2547	3162	1934	1435	1586	6614	7240	381.3	449.

fragmentation

Size class	Ta	tra	L.Ta	itra	L. Fa	atra	B. F.	atra	M. Pl	ateau	S. Par	adise	S. K	arst	Polo	niny	Pier	niny
0-1 ha	965	986	2551	2260	1037	887	560	501	239	353	176	243	601	504	195	203	535	483
1-10 ha	134	172	296	332	118	124	58	75	16	25	16	26	78	75	33	33	79	84
10-50 ha	36	40	41	37	19	20	б	8	0	4	2	6	19	22	2	2	5	- 6
50-100 ha	12	14	4	11	4	7	1	2	0	0	1	2	2	3	0	0	0	- (
100-500 ha	12	12	7	6	4	- 4	2	1	2	2	4	4	1	1	4	4	0	
500 ha +	3	4	7	10	- 6	7	4	4	3	4	2	1	4	- 4	5	5	2	7
SUM	1162	1228	2906	2656	1188	1049	631	591	260	388	201	282	705	609	239	247	621	575
Diff 2000-2020		66		-250		-139		-40		128		81		-96		- 8		-41
Average Patch size	254.7	210.2	658.4	696.2	135.2	371.0	876.3	909.3	1924	1228	470.9	293.5	253.7	296	894.7	865.0	654.5	686.7

Nr. of Patches Average Patch size

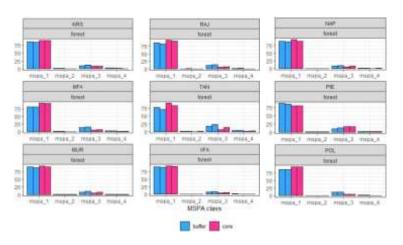


fragmentation



# Landscape pattern analysis Forest cover

- 2. Morphological spatial pattern analysis (MSPA)
  - decrease in core area of forest cover
  - increase of transitional features in forest cover mostly



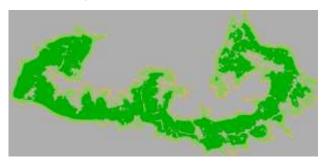
MSPA categories: mspa1 - core, mspa2- islet, mspa3 - border, 4 - linear

Tatras national park 2000 Tatras national park 2020 Low Tatras national park 2000 Low Tatras national park 2020

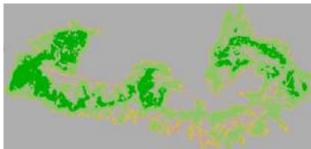
### Landscape pattern analysis - forest cover

#### 3. Fragmentation degree

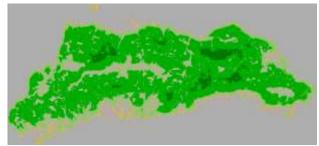
Tatra national park 2000



Tatra national park 2020



Low Tatra national park 2000



Low Tatra national park 2020



Foreground cover	Color	FAD/FAC	Connectivity	Fragmentation
1-Rare		0% ≤ x < 10%	Very low	Very high
2-Patchy		10% ≤ x < 40%	Low	High
3-Transitional		40% ≤ x < 60%	Intermediate	Intermediate
4-Dominant		60% ≤ x < 90%	High	Low
5-Interior	- 1	90% ≤ x ≤ 100%	Very high	Very low

- transforming large habitat patches into smaller more isolated fragments of habitat
  - loss of interior connectivity

# Landscape pattern analysis Open land

Landscape metrics (Number of patches, mean patch size)

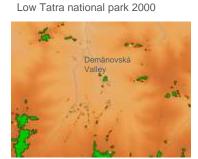
#### National parks

100-500 ha 500 ha +	8	10	7	8	3	3	1	2	- 1	- 1	2	2	- 7	6	0	- 0	0	0
50-100 ha	10	17	_ 2	9	3	3	1	2	3	3	2	2	. 9	9	- 5	- 5	0	0
10-50 ha	43	100	29	83	15	16	30	36	17	25	12	20	50	51	22	22	9	9
1-10 ha	298	557	258	529	69	101	106	178	102	147	79	103	183	191	72	72	39	41
0-1 ha	2263	3273	1307	2007	470	626	690	871	356	516	390	473	954	976	376	376	165	158
OPEN / NATIONAL PARI Size class	Mary 1	2020 tra	2000 L Ti		2000 L.Fi	2020 tra	2000 B. Fr	2020 tra	2000 M. Pk	2020 teau	2000 5. Par		2000 5. Ki		2000 Polos	2020 niny	2000 Pien	

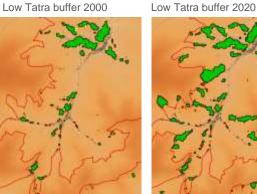
#### Buffer zones

Average Patch size	502.7	394.4	210.6	175	95.74	89.72	112.1	101.4	70.44	61.99	215.9	174.3	232.3	711	109.8	109.5	201	173.6
Diff 2000-2020	1000000	. 206		702		214		1155		173		(1)		44		- 0		. 111
SUM	803	1038	3098	3800	1022	1726	876	1001	656	827	184	251	457	501	423	421	679	792
500 ha +	-5	4	10	1.0	100		2	1		- "	1	1	3	3			1	1
100-500 ha	- 7	-11	25	25	18	16	- 5	6	- 4	4	2	. 2	- 6	6	4	4	14	13
50-100 ha	- 5	. 5	18	17	11	13	7	7	2	2	0	1	3	3	3	3	4	7
10-50 ha	22	26	103	128	48	51	27	31	30	31	4	. 8	11	10	18	19	21	22
1-10 ha	116	148	428	623	207	231	120	155	132	165	23	42	40	. 51	99	99	127	147
0-1 ha	648	845	2512	2997	1338	1425	715	831	488	525	154	197	394	428	297	296	512	602
Size class	Tat	ra	LTA	tra	L.Fa	tra	B. F.	etra .	M. Plu	teau.	S. Par.	adise	5. 64	rst	Polo	niny	Pien	iny
OPEN/ BUFFER ZONE	2006	2020	2000	2029	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020

#### 2. Morphological spatial pattern analysis (MSPA)



Low Tatra national park 2000y

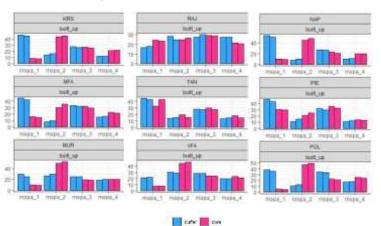






### Landscape pattern analysis - Built up

#### 2. Morphological spatial pattern analysis (MSPA)



MSPA categories: mspa1 - core, mspa2- islet, mspa3 - border, 4 - linear





Tatra 2020

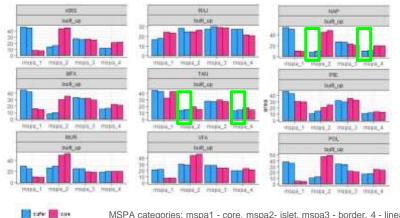
Tatra 2020

# Landscape pattern analysis Built up

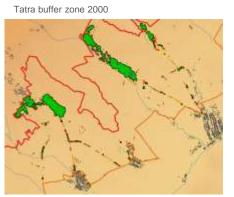
Landscape metrics (Number of patches, mean patch size)

Average Patch size	31.35	30,08	51,42	42.32	51.98	42,04	14.3	14.94	17.83	16.83	16.38	17,64	28.12	25.98	39.55	32.79	39.58	31.7
OH! 2000-2020		534		1744		485		330		751		44		. 99		96		79
SUM	1303	1907	1,000	4650	1000	1485	3184	1514	741	19904	274	310	395	- 494	316	414	607	- 903
100-500 ha	4	- 4	17	18	5	- 6	0	0	0	- 0	0	0	. 0	. 0	1.	1	1	1
50:100 ha	- 4	- 5	20	21	5	_ 4	0	- 1	1	- 1	0	- 0	- 1	_ 1	_ 1	. 1	- 4	- 3
10-50 ha	14	20	48	48	13	14	9	15	- 8	9	3	- 4		9	- 8	8	13	10
1-10 ha	124	171	279	344	129	171	97	105	67	95	32	37	42	- 44	33	43	51	75
0-1 ha	1247	1727	3042	4219	848	1290	107H	1193	567	889	239	277	344	440	273	361	538	807
Size class	Tet	na .	LTa	tra	L.F	atra	B.F	etra	M. Pi	atoau	S. Par	adisa	5. 8.	est	Pola	niny .	Pier	viny
BUILT UP/ BUFFER ZONE	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020

#### 2. Morphological spatial pattern analysis (MSPA)



MSPA categories: mspa1 - core, mspa2- islet, mspa3 - border, 4 - linear



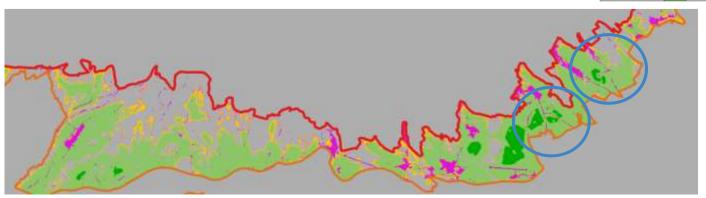


### Landscape pattern analysis – open land

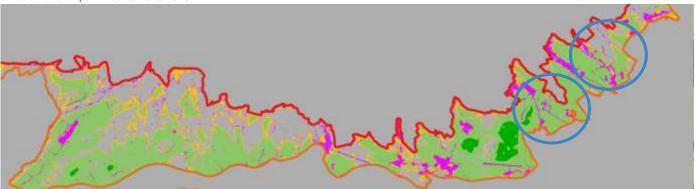
#### 3. Fragmentation degree

Tatra national park - buffer zone 2000

Foreground cover	Color	FAD/FAC	Connectivity	Fragmentation
1-Rare		0% ≤ x < 10%	Very low	Very high
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3-Transitional		40% ≤ x < 60%	Intermediate	Intermediate
4-Dominant		60% ≤ x < 90%	High	Low
5-Interior	- 1	90% ≤ x ≤ 100%	Very high	Very low



Tatra national park - buffer zone 2020



- loss of interior connectivity / difference in the level of LF between western and eastern part
- process is most obvious in intensively used regions where fragmentation is the product of the linkage of built up areas via linear infrastructure

### Key findings

severe forest cover fragmentation caused by forest disturbances open land fragmentation caused by housing and infrastructure development the synergic effects of roads and other factors that operate simultaneously

relevance for biodiversity, the important role of large roadless areas for biodiversity conservation

Need for monitoring the Degree of Landscape Fragmentation
Implications for Nature Conservation and Urban Planning

# THANK YOU FOR ATTENTION



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